

Slot Diffuser

- Type VSD50
- with 50 mm wide diffuser face



TROX® TECHNIK

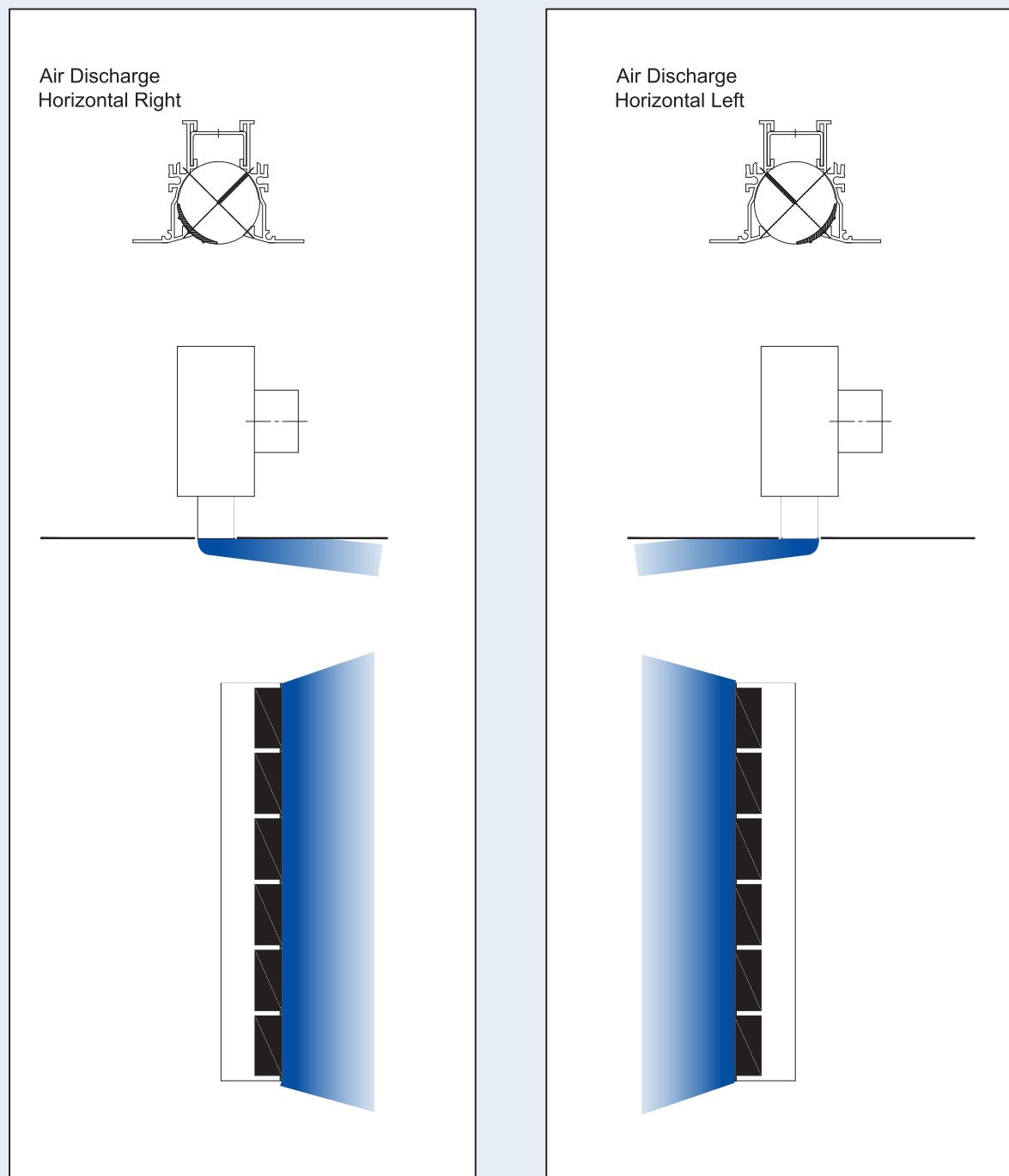
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Figure 1



Description · Air Discharge

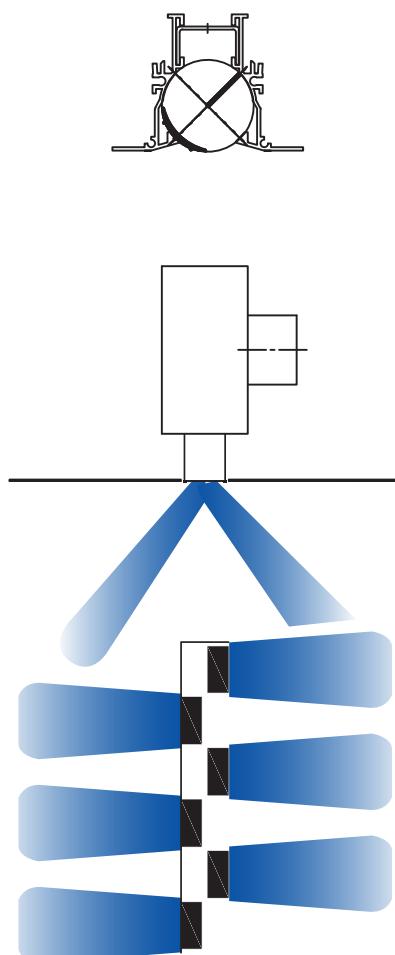
- The type VSD50 slot diffuser is available with 1-2 slots. The diffuser face is a one piece extrusion, so there are no visible joints. The Type VSD50 can be used in rooms with heights from approx. 2.6 m to 4.0 m. The low overall height means that the slot diffusers are particularly suitable for use in restricted ceiling voids and in suspended ceiling systems. They are characterised by high induction which results in a rapid decrease in supply air temperature differential and jet velocity.

The recommended supply air temperature differential range is $\pm 10\text{K}$. Because of their stable discharge characteristics, the slot diffusers are suitable for use in systems with constant and variable volume flows.

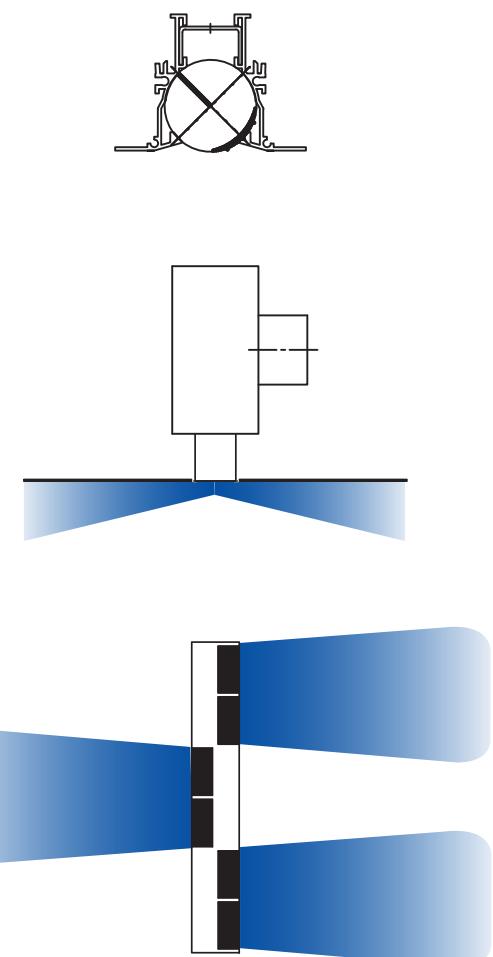
The direction of air discharge can be adapted to the required room conditions. The air control blades are set at the factory to the customer's requirements as stated on the order. If the discharge directions have to be subsequently changed, this can easily be done on site by rotating the air control blades.

Figure 2

**Air Discharge
Alternating Angled**



**Air Discharge
Alternating Horizontal**



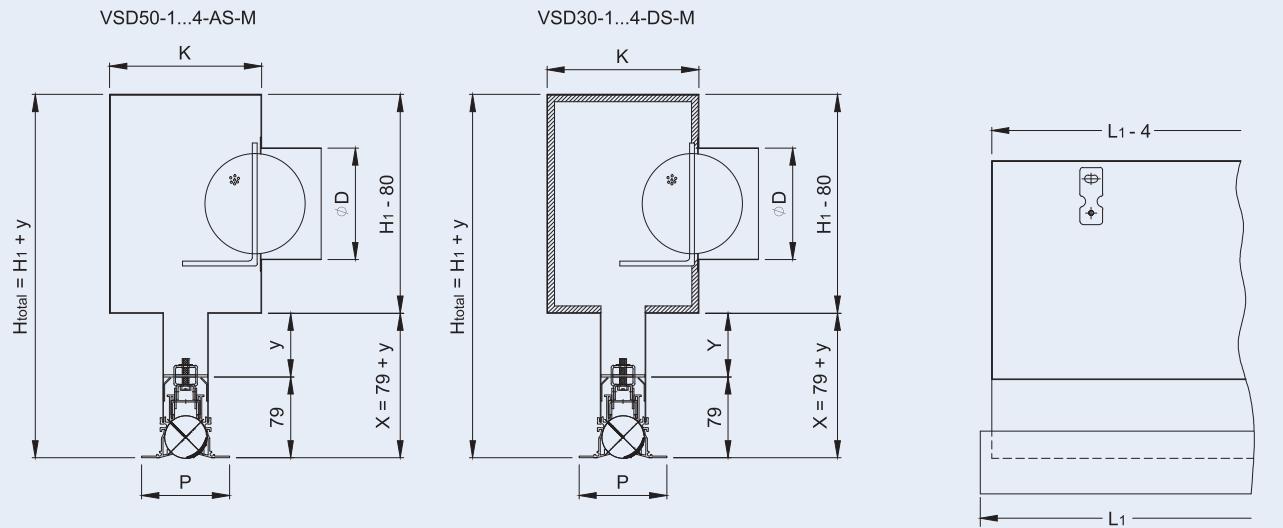
Construction · Dimensions

VSD50-...-AS; VSD50-...-DS with concealed bracket fixing					
No. of slots "n"	P	K	H ₁	H ₂	Ø D
1	77	138	286	262	123 148
2	123	176	326	302	148 198

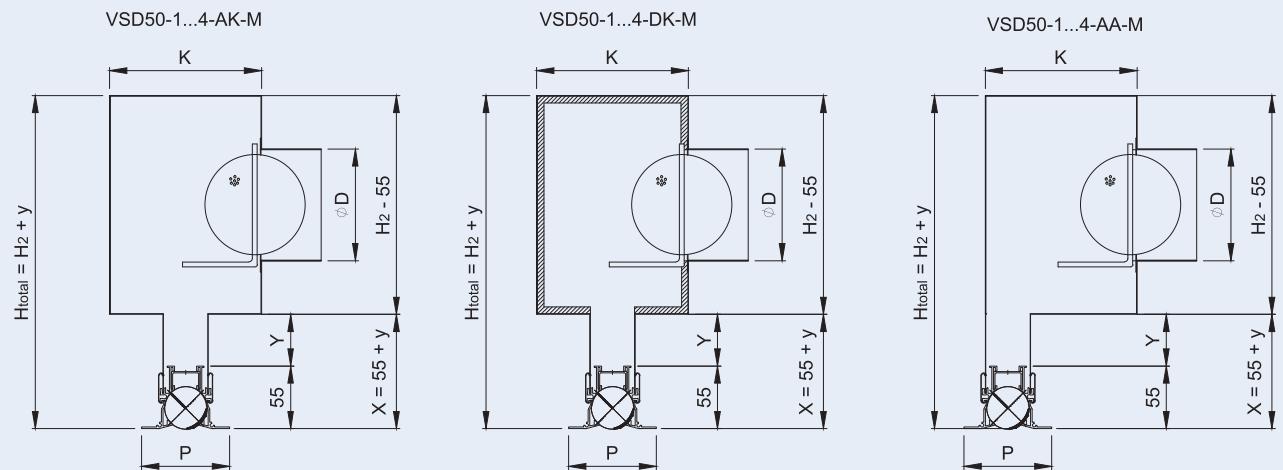
- 1) if $y = 0$ (Standard):
other possible values for $y = 20 \dots 100\text{mm}$;
maximum neck length $X = 180 \text{ mm}$

Figure 3

With removable face (Refer to Figure 8 for operational details)



Without removable face



Construction · Dimensions

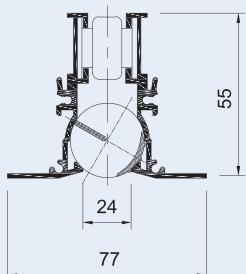
Number of spigots and spigot diameter		
L_1	VSD50	
	...-1	...-2
600		
750		
900	1 x 123	1 x 148
1050	1 x 148	1 x 198
1200		
1350		
1500		
1650	2 x 123	2 x 148
1800	2 x 148	2 x 198
1950		

Variants AK, DK, and AA of the diffuser face are supplied with a plenum box fitted to the rear, while variant DK is provided with internal lining. On variants AS and DS, the face sections with flange Z0 can be connected to the mounted plenum boxes on site. The supply air is connected via the circular side entry spigot, which is optionally available with a volume control damper which can be adjusted on the face of the diffuser.

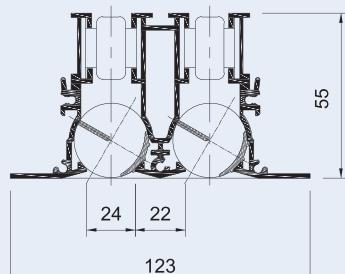
The face sections is available with integral edge flange Z0. Matching end caps are available for the diffuser faces, in the form of end angles or end plates. The fish plates on the joints are also included in the scope of supply, to enable the alignment and interconnection of individual L_1 sections.

Figure 4

Sections

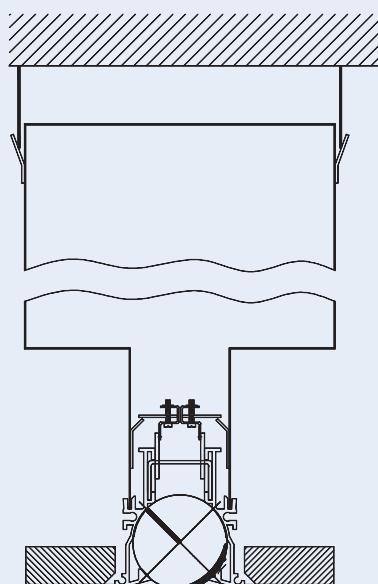


VSD50-1 with Z0

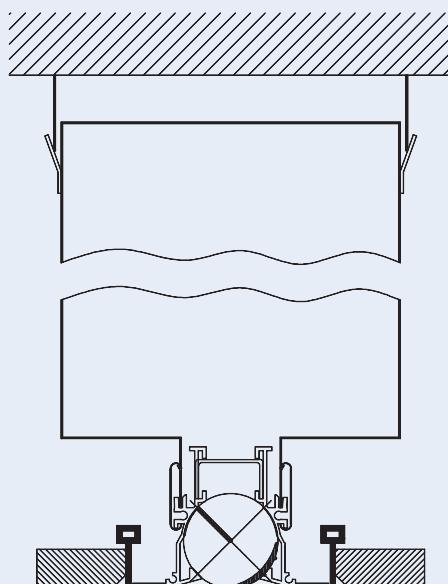


VSD50-2 with Z0

Installation



Installation in tiled ceilings

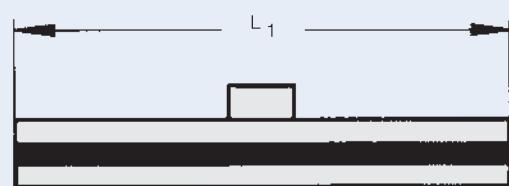


Installation in "T" bar ceilings

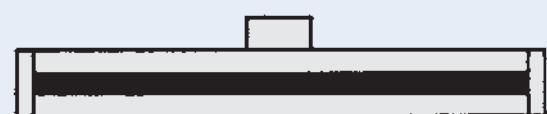
Construction · Dimensions

Figure 5

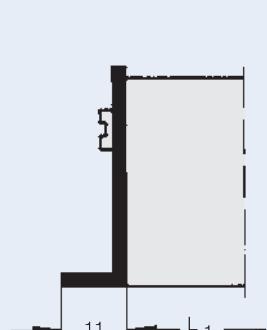
End caps



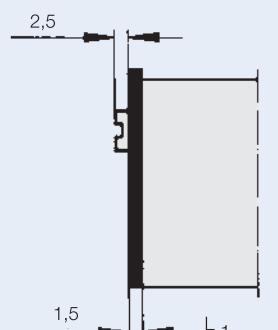
Without end cap



End cap on both ends

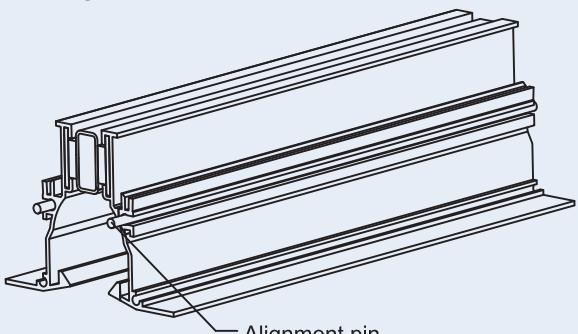


End angle

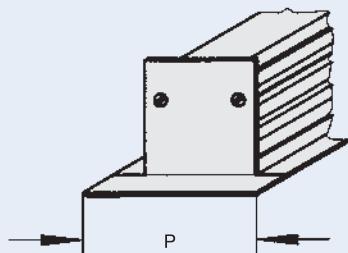


End plate

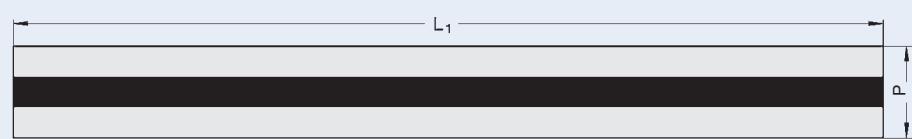
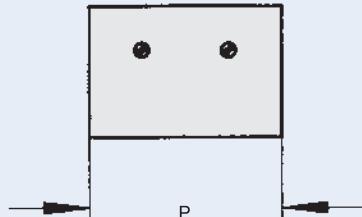
Alignment



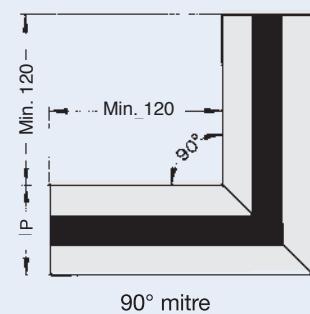
End angles



End plates



Front face "F"



90° mitre

Installation Details

Figure 6

Standard method of installation for slot diffusers by suspension on four suspension points provided on the plenum box. Suitable installation and fixing materials to be provided on site.

Figure 7

In order to retrofit the diffuser face to the plenum box (AS, DS), the concealed fixing brackets which are supplied with the diffuser must be slid onto the face section. The tongue of the concealed fixing bracket must be positioned lengthways to the face section.
Slide face section with concealed fixing bracket into the neck of the plenum box. Turn the screwdriver until the tongue is in a crosswise position, then turn the screwdriver further to tighten the cheese-head screw. Please check that this screw is tight! Dismantling is carried out by reversing the procedure.

Figure 8

The volume control damper can be adjusted from the front face of the diffuser. To this end, adjust the air control blade below the spigot until the butterfly damper can be adjusted using a screwdriver or rod (max. diameter 3.5 mm, length up to approx. 230 mm, depending on neck extension).

Figure 9

When the slot diffusers are installed in linear configuration, the face sections are aligned by inserting the supplied alignment pins and/or fish plates. The alignment pins and fish plates (2 per section) are first fitted on one side and then slid approximately half way into the other face section (see also page 6).

Figure 6

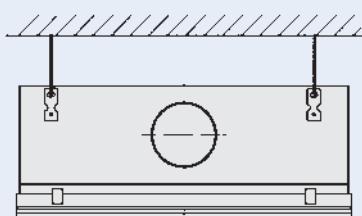


Figure 8

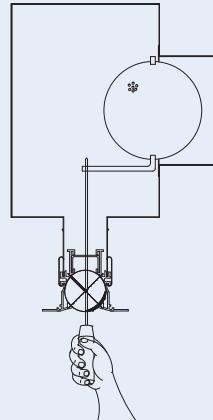


Figure 9

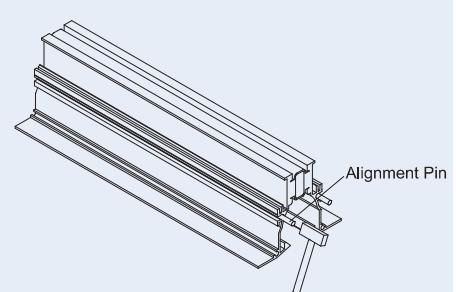
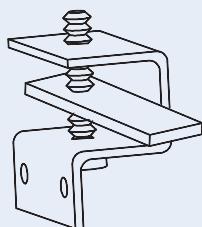
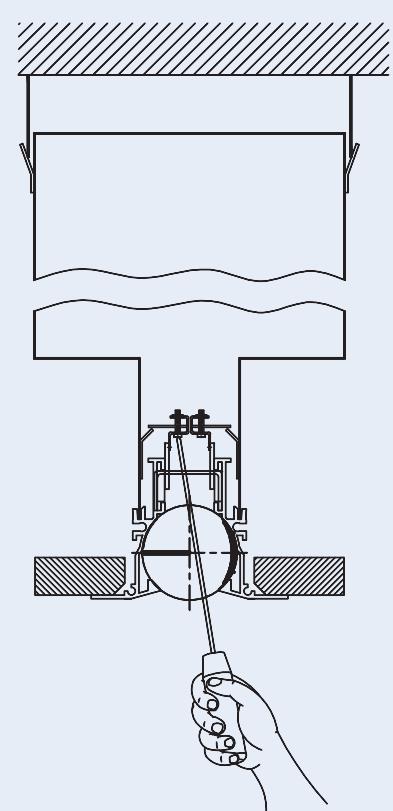
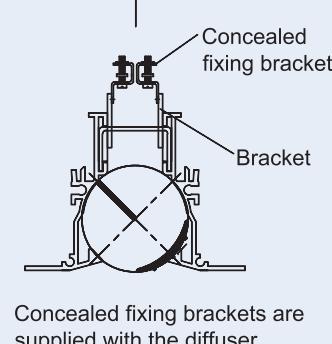
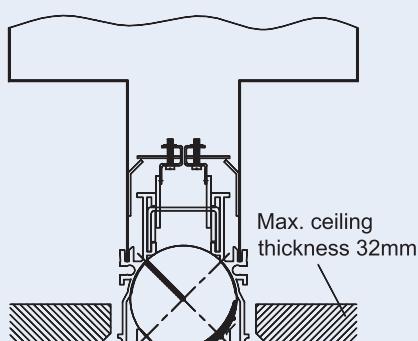
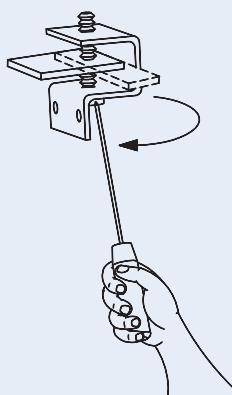


Figure 7

Concealed fixing in open position



Concealed fixing in locked position



Nomenclature

Nomenclature

\dot{V}	in $\text{l/s} \cdot \text{m}$: Volume flow per unit length
\dot{V}	in $\text{m}^3/\text{h} \cdot \text{m}$: Volume flow per unit length
\dot{V}_t	in l/s : Total volume flow
\dot{V}_t	in m^3/h : Total volume flow
A	in m: Spacing between two diffusers
H_1	in m: Spacing between ceiling and occupied zone
$H_{1\max}$	in m: Maximum penetration depth when heating
L	in m: Distance from diffuser $L = A/2 + H_1$ or $L = X + H_1$
\bar{v}_{H1}	in m/s: Time average air velocity between two diffusers at distance H_1
\bar{v}_L	in m/s: Time average air velocity at wall at distance L
v_{eff}	in m/s: Effective jet velocity
Δt_z	in K: Temperature difference between supply air and room air
Δt_L	in K: Difference between room temperature and core temperature at distance L
Δt_{H1}	in K: Difference between core temperature and room temperature at distance H_1
Δp_t	in Pa: Total pressure drop
L_{WA}	in dB(A): A-weighted sound power level
$L_{W\text{NC}}$: NC rating of sound power level
$L_{W\text{NR}}$: $L_{W\text{NR}} = L_{W\text{NC}} + 2$
L_{pA}, L_{pNC}	: A weighting and NC rating respectively of room sound pressure level $L_{pA} \approx L_{WA} - 8 \text{ dB}$ $L_{pNC} \approx L_{W\text{NC}} - 8 \text{ dB}$
ΔL in dB/oct.:	Relative sound power level with respect to L_{WA}
L_W in dB/oct.:	Octave band sound power level of flow generated noise $L_W = L_{WA} + \Delta L$

Effective Jet Velocity

$$\dot{V}_t \text{ in l/s} \quad v_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\dot{V}_t}{s_{\text{eff}} \cdot L_1 \cdot 1000} \text{ [m/s]}$$

$$\dot{V}_t \text{ in } \text{m}^3/\text{h} \quad v_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\dot{V}_t}{s_{\text{eff}} \cdot L_1 \cdot 3600} \text{ [m/s]}$$

L_1 = Length of slot diffuser in m

Effective slot width

Air discharge	Horizontal	Angled
s_{eff} in m	0.0092	0.0061

Spectral Data

Example

Data given:

- VSD50-1; Air discharge alternating angled

Slot length $L_1 = 1500 \text{ mm}$
 Total volume flow $\dot{V}_t = 45 \text{ l/s}$
 Spigot diameter $D = 148 \text{ mm}$

Required: Sound power level of flow generated noise L_w

Octave band centre frequency in Hz	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000
L_{WA} in dB	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
L in dB	0	2	7	-4	-11	-18	-29	-36
L_w in dB	33	35	40	29	22	15	4	-3

Diagram 2: Sound power level and pressure drop

$$\Delta p_t = 10 \text{ Pa} \cdot 1.5 = 15 \text{ Pa}$$

$$L_{WA} = 25 \text{ dB(A)} + 5 = 33 \text{ dB(A)}$$

Effective jet velocity v_{eff} :

$$v_{eff} = \frac{\dot{V}_t}{s_{eff} \cdot L_1 \cdot 1000} = \frac{45}{0.0061 \cdot 1.5 \cdot 1000} = 4.9 \text{ m/s}$$

Relative Spectra ΔL for Damper Angle 0°

Type	Length mm	Effective jet velocity v_{eff} m/s	Octave band centre frequency in Hz							
			63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000
VSD50-1	600	2	12	7	7	-6	-26	-44	-46	-50
	1050		10	3	8	-10	-26	-38	-43	-47
	1500		9	3	8	-7	-23	-37	-42	-48
	600	3	8	7	7	-4	-20	-34	-35	-38
	1050		5	3	8	-7	-20	-29	-33	-38
	1500		6	3	7	-5	-17	-28	-33	-43
	600	5	1	6	6	-3	-13	-22	-28	-32
	1050		-1	3	7	-5	-12	-19	-28	-34
	1500		0	2	7	-4	-11	-18	-29	-36
	600	7	-4	5	5	-2	-9	-14	-26	-29
	1050		-6	2	6	-4	-8	-14	-30	-36
	1500		-4	0	5	-3	-8	-13	-30	-33
VSD50-2	600	2	12	7	7	-6	-25	-42	-44	-47
	1050		10	3	8	-9	-25	-37	-42	-47
	1500		10	4	7	-6	-21	-34	-40	-47
	600	3	8	7	7	-4	-19	-32	-34	-38
	1050		5	4	8	-7	-18	-28	-32	-37
	1500		6	3	7	-5	-16	-26	-31	-40
	600	5	1	6	6	-3	-12	-20	-27	-33
	1050		-2	3	7	-4	-11	-18	-29	-34
	1500		0	2	6	-3	-10	-16	-28	-35
	600	7	-4	5	5	-2	-8	-13	-25	-29
	1050		-7	2	5	-4	-7	-13	-30	-34
	1500		-4	0	5	-3	-7	-11	-30	-33

Acoustic Data

Correction to diagram 1: Damper setting

D = 123 mm		Air discharge horizontal			Air discharge angled		
Damper angle		0°	45°	90°	0°	45°	90°
$L_1 = 600$	Δp_t	x 1	x 1.2	x 1.8	x 1.7	x 1.8	x 2.6
	L_{WA}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 7.0	+ 6.0	-
	L_{WNC}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 8.0	+ 6.0	-
$L_1 = 1050$	Δp_t	x 1	x 1.4	x 3.1	x 1.6	x 1.9	x 3.6
	L_{WA}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 5.0	+ 5.0	-
	L_{WNC}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 6.0	+ 6.0	-
$L_1 = 1500$	Δp_t	x 1	x 1.5	x 4.1	x 1.4	x 1.8	x 4.3
	L_{WA}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 4.0	+ 3.0	-
	L_{WNC}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 5.0	+ 4.0	-

Correction to diagram 2: Damper setting

D = 148 mm		Air discharge horizontal			Air discharge angled		
Damper angle		0°	45°	90°	0°	45°	90°
$L_1 = 600$	Δp_t	x 1	x 1.1	x 1.4	x 1.6	x 1.7	x 1.9
	L_{WA}	-	-	-	+ 6.0	+ 6.0	-
	L_{WNC}	-	-	-	+ 5.0	+ 5.0	-
$L_1 = 1050$	Δp_t	x 1	x 1.3	x 2.1	x 1.7	x 1.8	x 2.5
	L_{WA}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 6.0	+ 5.0	-
	L_{WNC}	-	-	-	+ 6.0	+ 6.0	-
$L_1 = 1500$	Δp_t	x 1	x 1.3	x 2.8	x 1.5	x 1.8	x 3.2
	L_{WA}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 5.0	+ 4.0	-
	L_{WNC}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 5.0	+ 4.0	-

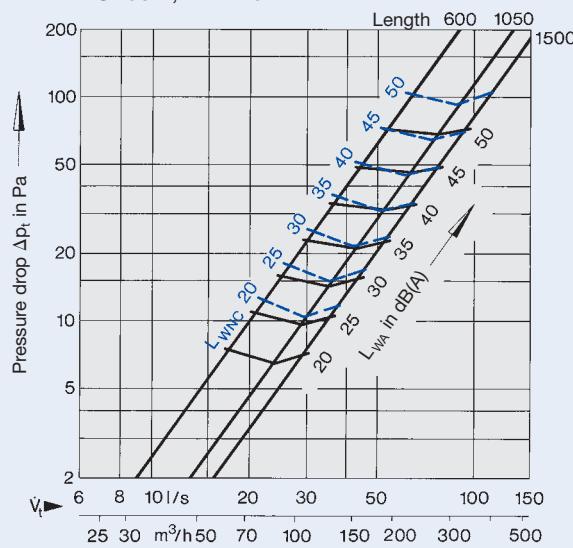
Correction to diagram 3: Damper setting

D = 148 mm		Air discharge horizontal			Air discharge angled		
Damper angle		0°	45°	90°	0°	45°	90°
$L_1 = 600$	Δp_t	x 1	x 1.3	x 2.0	x 1.7	x 2.0	x 2.5
	L_{WA}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 7.0	+ 7.0	-
	L_{WNC}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 8.0	+ 8.0	-
$L_1 = 1050$	Δp_t	x 1	x 1.4	x 3.2	x 1.5	x 1.8	x 3.8
	L_{WA}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 4.0	+ 4.0	-
	L_{WNC}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 5.0	+ 5.0	-
$L_1 = 1500$	Δp_t	x 1	x 1.6	x 4.4	x 1.4	x 1.9	x 4.7
	L_{WA}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 3.0	+ 3.0	-
	L_{WNC}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 4.0	+ 4.0	-

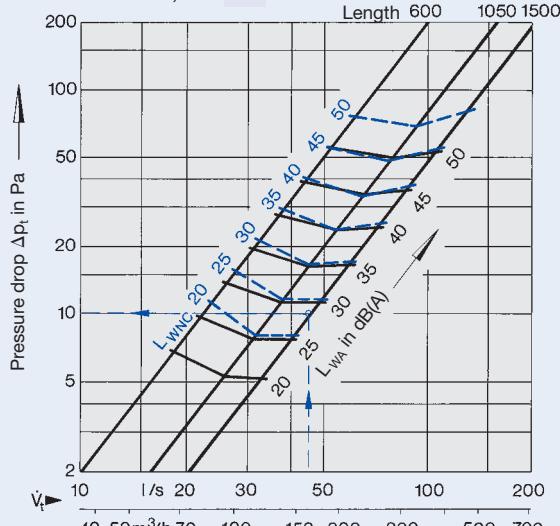
Correction to diagram 4: Damper setting

D = 198 mm		Air discharge horizontal			Air discharge angled		
Damper angle		0°	45°	90°	0°	45°	90°
$L_1 = 600$	Δp_t	x 1	x 1.2	x 1.8	x 1.8	x 1.9	x 2.4
	L_{WA}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 6.0	+ 7.0	-
	L_{WNC}	-	-	-	+ 7.0	+ 8.0	-
$L_1 = 1050$	Δp_t	x 1	x 1.3	x 2.8	x 1.6	x 1.8	x 3.4
	L_{WA}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 5.0	+ 5.0	-
	L_{WNC}	-	+ 1.0	-	+ 6.0	+ 6.0	-
$L_1 = 1500$	Δp_t	x 1	x 1.4	x 3.6	x 1.5	x 1.8	x 4.2
	L_{WA}	-	+ 2.0	-	+ 5.0	+ 4.0	-
	L_{WNC}	-	+ 2.0	-	+ 6.0	+ 5.0	-

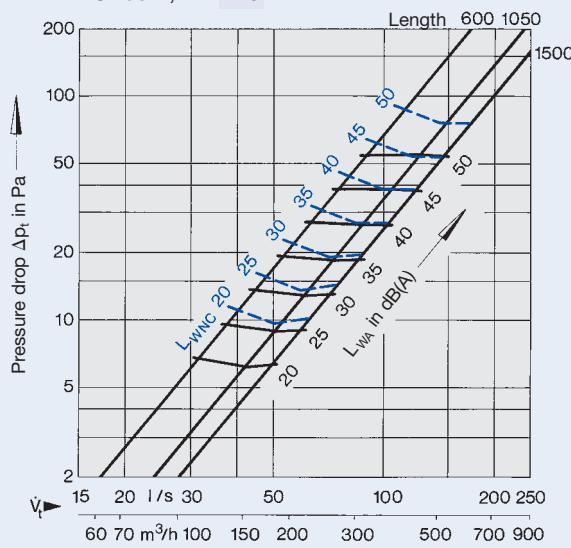
1 Sound power level and pressure drop VSD50-1; D = 123 mm



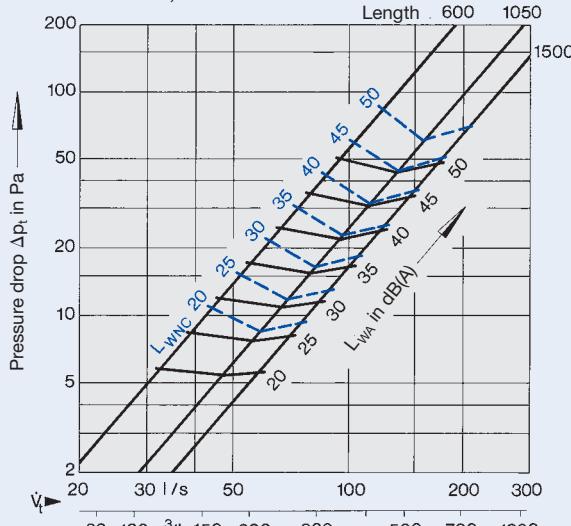
2 Sound power level and pressure drop VSD50-1; D = 148 mm



3 Sound power level and pressure drop VSD50-2; D = 148 mm



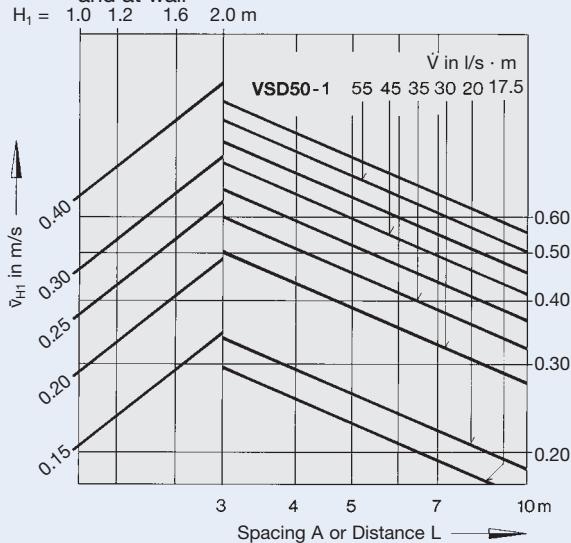
4 Sound power level and pressure drop VSD50-2; D = 198 mm



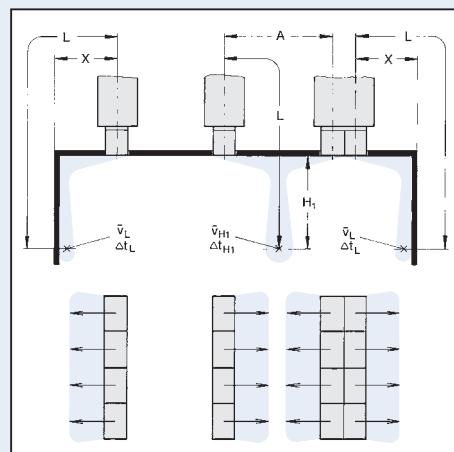
Aerodynamic Data

Air Discharge: Horizontal, One or Two Directions

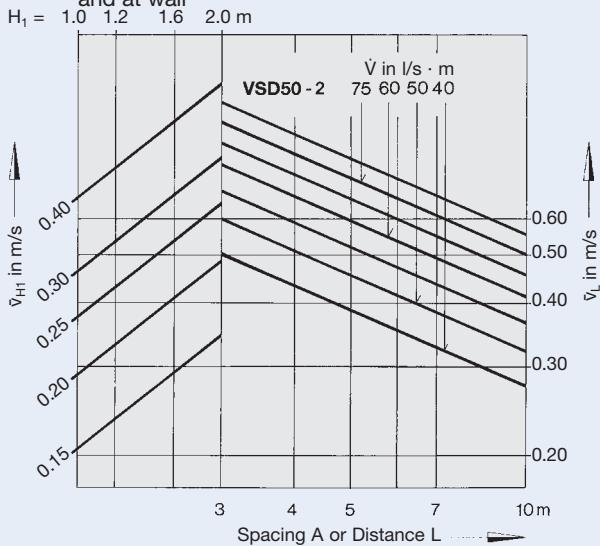
5 Air velocity between two diffusers
and at wall



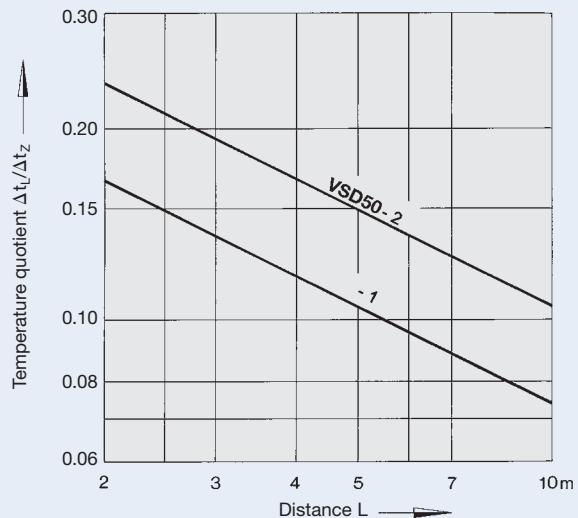
Diffuser Layout



6 Air velocity between two diffusers
and at wall



7 Temperature quotient



Aerodynamic Data

Air Discharge: Alternating Horizontal

Example

Data given:

VSD50-1; air discharge: alternating horizontal

Volume flow per unit length $\dot{V} = 30 \text{ l/s} \cdot \text{m}$

Supply air temperature differential horizontal, cooling $\Delta t_z = -10 \text{ K}$

Spacing between diffusers $A = 1.8 \text{ m}$

Distance between ceiling and occupied zone $H_1 = 1.2 \text{ m}$

Distance between diffuser centre line and wall $X = 2.4 \text{ m}$

Diagram 8:

$$\bar{v}_{H1} = 0.11 \text{ m/s}$$

Air velocity between two diffusers

Diagram 9:

$$L = X + H_1 = 2.4 + 1.2 = 3.6 \text{ m}$$

$$\bar{v}_L = 0.23 \text{ m/s}$$

Air velocity at the wall

Diagram 10:

$$L = A/2 + H_1 = 0.9 + 1.2 = 2.1 \text{ m}$$

$$\Delta t_L/\Delta t_z = 0.082$$

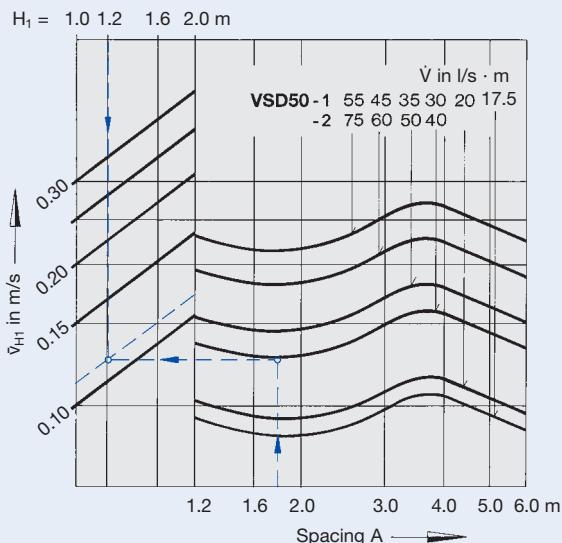
$$\Delta t_L = 0.082 \times (-10) \text{ K}$$

$$\Delta t_L = -0.82 \text{ K}$$

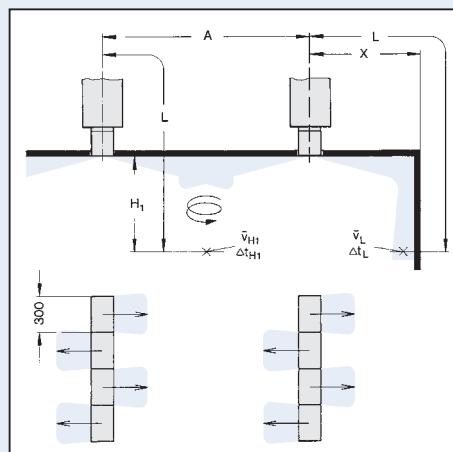
At $L = X + H_1 = 3.6 \text{ m}$; $\Delta t_L/\Delta t_z = 0.062$; $\Delta t_L \approx -0.6 \text{ K}$

Temperature quotient

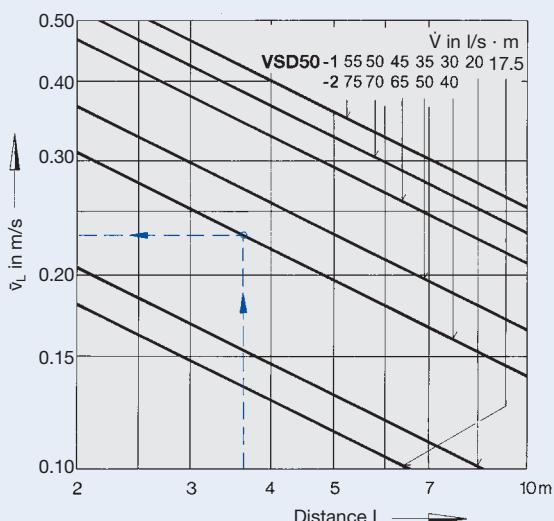
8 Air velocity between two diffusers



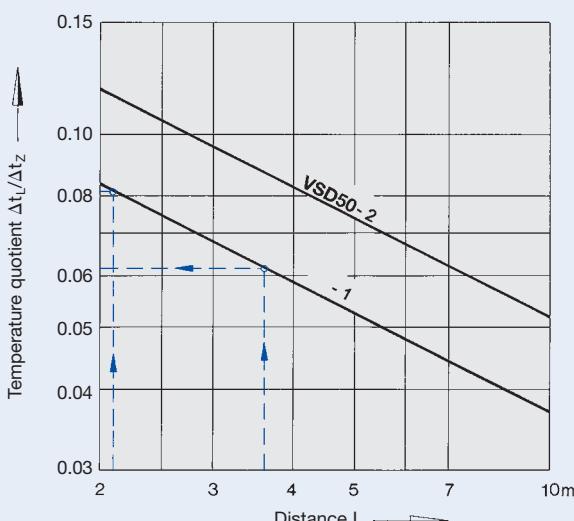
Diffuser Layout



9 Air velocity at the wall



10 Temperature quotient



Aerodynamic Data

Air Discharge: Alternating Angled

Example

Data given:

- VSD50-1; air discharge: alternating angled

Volume flow per unit length

$$\dot{V} = 30 \text{ l/s} \cdot \text{m}$$

Supply air temperature differential

$$\Delta t_z = -8 \text{ K}$$

approx. +8 K

Spacing between diffusers

$$A = 2.4 \text{ m}$$

Distance between ceiling
and occupied zone

$$H_1 = 1.0 \text{ m}$$

Diagram 11:

$$\bar{v}_{H1} = 0.22 \text{ m/s}$$

Air velocity

Diagram 12:

$$\Delta t_{H1}/\Delta t_z = 0.057$$

$$\Delta t_{H1} = 0.057 \times (-8 \text{ K}) \approx -0.5 \text{ K}$$

For heating $\Delta t_z = +8 \text{ K}$

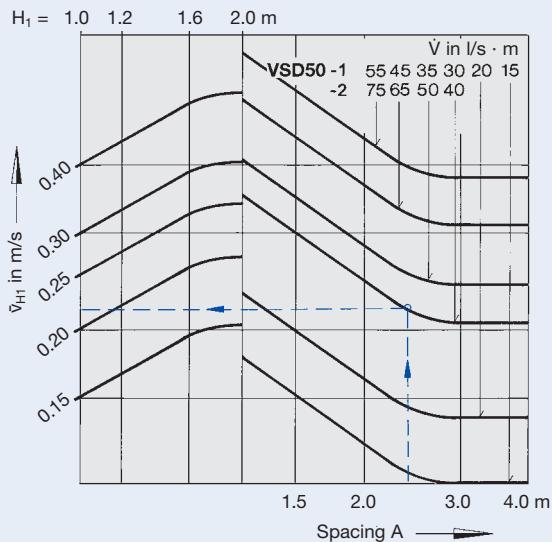
Temperature quotient
cooling

Diagram 13:

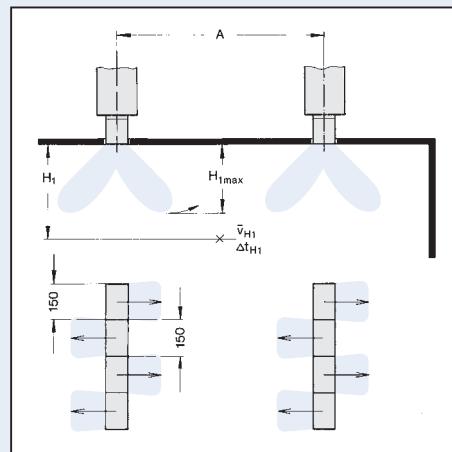
$$H_{1\max} \approx 1.2 \text{ m}$$

Maximum penetration
depth for heating

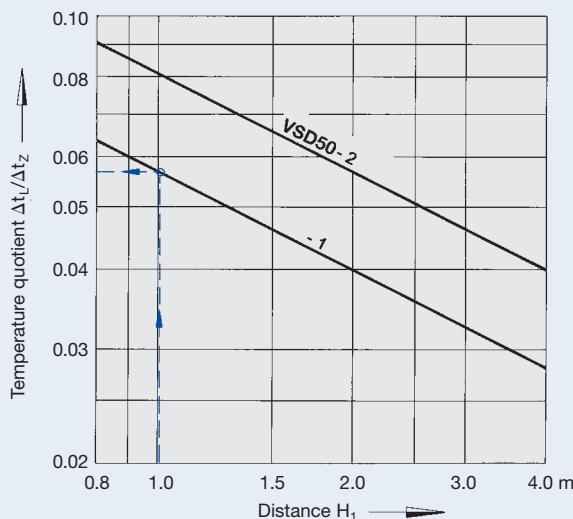
11 Air velocity



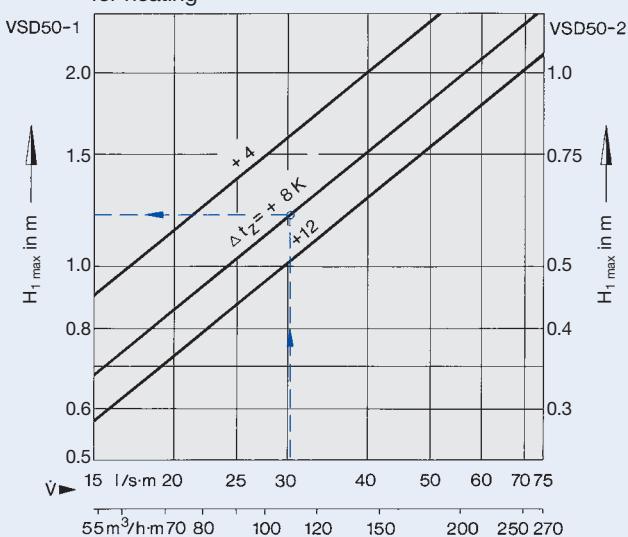
Diffuser Layout



12 Temperature quotient – Cooling



13 Maximum penetration depth for heating



Order Details

Specification Text

Adjustable slot diffusers with aesthetically designed face sections, suitable for installation in suspended ceiling systems, comprising the diffuser face in 1- or 2-slot configuration, with integral edge flange (Z0). End caps either as end plates or end angles, with incorporated air control blades, which are set at the factory but can be adjusted by the user at any time to enable adaption to the prevailing conditions. The slot diffuser has a variable neck length and the diffuser face can optionally be fitted to the plenum box on site.

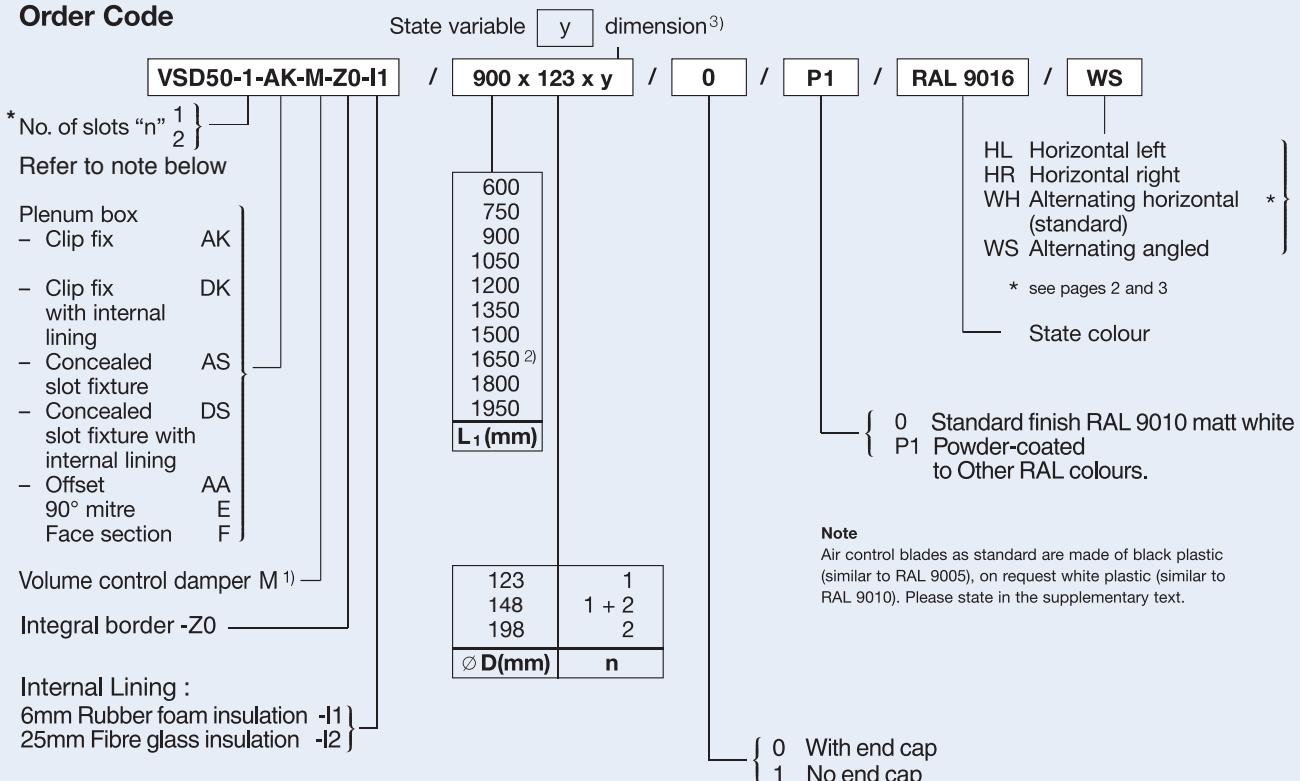
Plenum box is optionally available with internal insulation, circular side entry spigot, volume control damper and four hanging brackets to suspend the plenum box from the floor

slab above. The damper can be easily adjusted from the face of the diffuser.

Materials:

Diffuser face and end caps consist of extruded aluminium section, powder coated matt white in RAL 9010 for standard supply. The air control blades are produced in black plastic (polystyrene) as standard, similar to RAL 9005. The plenum box is made from pre-galvanised sheet steel and internal insulation can be either 6 mm rubber foam or 25 mm fibre glass with a protective glass woven cloth to prevent fibre erosion.

Order Code



1) For variants with plenum box only

2) 2 spigots if L1 ≥ 1650 mm!

3) $y = 0$ or 25, 50, 75, 100 mm for AS, DS
 $y = 0$ or 25, 50, 75, 100, 125 mm for AK, DK and AA

* NOTE

VSD 50 can be supplied with either 3 Or 4 slots as non-standard construction if required. contact TROX Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. for technical information.

Order Example

Make : TROX
Type: VSD50-1-AK-M-Z0/900x98/0/P1/RAL9016/WS
Suppl. text: Air control blades white, similar to RAL 9010